FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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GILBERT & STEWART

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
A PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and City Council Eagle Mountain City Eagle Mountain, UT

February 27, 2007

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Eagle Mountain City, Utah, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006 which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of Eagle Mountain City's Management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and Governmental Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the basic financial statements referred above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Eagle Mountain City, as of June 30, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows where applicable for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued a report dated February 27, 2007 on our consideration of Eagle Mountain City's internal control over financial reporting and on our test of its compliance with certain provisions, laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison as listed in the table of contents are not a required part of the basic financial statements, but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Eagle Mountain City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

GILBERT & STEWART

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the City of Eagle Mountain, we offer readers of Eagle Mountain's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Eagle Mountain City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal.

Financial Highlights

- As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$11,698,098. Of this amount \$4,674,238 is reserved and must only be spent on projects for which the money is reserved. The remaining \$7,023,860 is divided as follows: \$2,433,605 is unreserved in the General Fund, and \$4,590,255 is unreserved in the Special Revenue (Special Assessment) and Non-major Governmental Funds.
- The total net assets of \$78,401,447 are made up of \$37,379,972 in capital assets net of related debt and \$41,021,475 in other net assets. Total net assets increased by \$5,125,996 from the prior year.
- In the Enterprise (Proprietary) Funds operating revenues increased by \$2,500,937 (18%). Corresponding operating expenses increased by \$2,140,680 (18.9%).
- The City completed construction of two new buildings in FY 2005: a Public Works
 Utility Building and a City Hall.

Reporting the City as a Whole

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Eagle Mountain City's basic financial statements. Eagle Mountain City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also includes other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of Eagle Mountain City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

• The statement of net assets presents information on all of Eagle Mountain City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of Eagle Mountain City is improving or deteriorating. However, you will also need to consider other non-financial factors.

• The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net assets changed during the fiscal year reported. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus all of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of Eagle Mountain City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) and from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities).

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 8 & 9 of this report.

Reporting the City's Most Significant Funds

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Eagle Mountain City also uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

• Governmental funds – These funds are used to account for the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. These fund statements focus on how money flows into and out of these funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps users determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in a reconciliation included with the fund financial statements.

The governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 10-13 of this report.

The major governmental funds (as determined by generally accepted accounting principles) are the General Fund and certain Special Revenue Funds. The balance of the governmental funds is determined to be nonmajor and is included in the combined statements within this report.

Proprietary funds – Eagle Mountain City maintains one type of proprietary fund.
 Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Eagle Mountain City uses enterprise funds to account for its Water Utility, Sewer Utility, Gas Utility, Electric Utility, Telecommunications Utility, and Garbage Collection.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 14-16 of this report.

• Additionally the City reports the following fund types: Internal Service Fund accounts for the fleet management services provided to other departments of the government, on a cost reimbursement basis.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of Eagle Mountain City, assets exceed liabilities by \$78,401,447

One of the largest portion's of Eagle Mountain City's net assets (52%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, infrastructure assets, and machinery and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are <u>not</u> available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The following table summarizes the City's net assets. Comparative figures for Fiscal Years 2005 and 2006 are shown.

Eagle Mountain City's Net Assets

•	Government	tal Activities	Business-type Activities		Total	
	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006
Current and other assets	\$29,051,527	\$28,440,075	\$11, 718, 491	\$17,347,074	\$40,770,018	\$45,787,149
	39,387,902	39,311,031	48, 681, 875	42,424,581	88,069,777	81,735,612
Capital assets Total assets	68,439,429	67,751,106	60,400,366	59,771,655	128,839,795	127,522,761
Long-term debt outstanding Other liabilities Total liabilities	20,876,611	16,043,425	32,005,000	29,434,309	52,881,611	45,477,734
	1,899,849	1,944,602	1,310,710	1,698,978	3,210,559	3,643,580
	22,776,460	17,988,027	33,315,710	31,133,287	56,092,170	49,121,314
Net assets: Invested in capital assets, Net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted Total net assets	18,511,291	23,315,628	18,816,524	14,064,344	37,327,815	37,379,972
	2,562,252	4,674,238	1,094,071	4,686,839	3,656,323	9,361,077
	24,589,426	21,773,213	7,174,063	9,887,185	31,763,489	31,660,398
	\$45,662,969	\$49,763,079	\$27,084,658	\$ 28,638,368	\$72,747,627	\$78,401,447

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	To	Total	
	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	
Revenues:							
Program Revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 3,453,004	\$ 6,199,826	\$ 10,496,527	\$ 14,666,038	\$ 13,949,531	\$ 20,865,864	
Operating grants & contrib	209,081	159,011			209,081	159,011	
Capital grants & contrib	3,985,979	3,579,836	423,145	959,172	4,409,124	4,539,008	
General revenues:							
Property taxes	684,033	723,710			684,033	723,710	
General sales & use tax	520,797	778,689			520 ,797	778 ,6 89	
franchise tax	190,171	479,024			190,171	479,024	
Other taxes					-	-	
Other	22,437	283,485			22,437	28 3,48 5	
Transfers	129,480		(129,480)		-	-	
Loss on Sale of Capital Assets				(83,138)	-	(83,138)	
Interest Earnings		610,962				610,962	
Total revenues	9,194,982	12,814,543	10,790,192	15,542,072	19,985,174	28,356,615	
Expenses:							
General government	2,132,569	2,611,321			2,132,569	2,611,321	
Public safety	962,991	1,395,467			962,991	1,395,467	
Highways & public works	1,734,366	2,022,183			1,734,366	2,022,183	
Community development	378,787	585,551			378,787	585,551	
Planning	164,450	187,097			164,450	18 7,09 7	
Interest on long-term debt	2,276,698	1,912,814			2,276,698	1,91 2,814	
Water utility			1,443,035	1,531,759	1,443,035	1,531,759	
Sewer utility			1,427,855	1,606,516	1,427,855	1,606,516	
Electric utility			3,931,607	5,786,783	3,931,607	5,78 6,78 3	
Gas utility			2,189,267	3,454,314	2,189,267	3, 454,3 14	
Telecommunication utility			1,713,883	1,608,990	1,713,883	1,608,990	
Garbage			40,089		40,089	-	
Total expenses	7,649,861	8,714,433	10,745,736	13,988,362	18,395,597	22,702,795	
Increase (decr) in net assets	1,545,121	4,100,110	44,456	1,553,710	1,589,577	5,653,820	
Net assets - beginning	44,117,847	45,662,969	27, 040, 202	27,084,658	71,158,049	72,747,627	
Net assets – ending	\$45,662,968	\$49,763,079	\$ 27,084,658	\$ 28,638,368	\$ 72,747,626	\$ 78,401,447	

Business-type activities. Business-type activities increased the City's net assets by \$1,365,320. As of the end of the current fiscal year, all of the City's business-type funds reported positive net assets.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$11,698,098. \$7,023,860 of this total amount (60%) constitutes unreserved fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The majority of this

unreserved fund balance is in the Special Revenue Funds. The remainder of fund balance (\$4,674,238) is reserved to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance of the general fund was \$2,433,605, an increase of \$1,369,603 from Fiscal Year 2005. Total fund balance reached \$5,570,837, an increase of \$2,483,570 from the prior year. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unreserved fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unreserved fund balance represents 41% of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 94% of that same amount.

The City maintains enterprise funds to account for the business-type activities of the City. The information is found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net assets of the combined Enterprise funds at the end of the year amounted to \$9,698,796. The value of capital assets net of related debt in these same funds is \$14,064,344. As mentioned in the financial highlights, operational revenues and expenditures in the Enterprise funds increased by \$2,500,937 (18%) and \$2,140,680 (18.9%), respectively.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

During the fiscal year, the General Fund's original budget was amended from an original budget expenditure total of \$5,191,207 to a final budget of \$6,199,929, an increase of \$1,008,722. The increase reflects higher than anticipated expenditures within the General Fund.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. Eagle Mountain City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2006, amounts to \$81,735,612 (net of accumulated depreciation). The investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, infrastructure and construction in progress.

Eagle Mountain City's Capital Assets

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	Business-type Activities		Total	
	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	
Land	\$ 5,384,797	\$ 5,384,797	\$ 1,750,903	\$ 1,667,276	\$ 7,135,700	\$ 7,052,073	
Buildings	729,696	711,004	4,029,481	4,047,094	4,759,177	4,758,098	
Improvements	6,207	5,954			6,207	5 ,954	
Equipment	307,389	540,116	42,901,491	36,710,211	43,208,880	37,250,327	
Infrastructure	32,959,813	32,669,160			32,959,813	32,669,160	
Construction in progress							
Total net assets	\$ 39,387,902	\$ 39,311,031	\$ 48,681,875	\$ 42,424,581	\$ 88,069,777	\$ 81,735,612	

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in the footnotes to this financial report.

Long-term debt. At the end of the current year, the City had total bonded debt outstanding of \$45,336,000. Of this amount \$15,941,000 is from Special Assessment Bonds. The remaining \$29,395,000 is secured solely by specific revenue sources (i.e., revenue bonds).

Eagle Mountain City's Outstanding Debt General Obligation and Revenue Bonds

	Government	tal Activities	Bu	Business-type Activities		Total		
	2005	2006	200	5	20	06	2005	2006
Special Assessment Bonds	\$ 19,571,000	\$ 14,818,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 19,571,000	\$ 14,818,000
Excise Tax Bonds	1,226,000	1,123,000					1,226,000	1,123,000
Capital Lease	79 ,611	54,403		-		-	79,611	54,403
Revenue Bonds			32,00	5,000	29,3	95,000	32,005,000	29,395,000
Total Bonds	\$ 20,876,611	\$ 15,995,403	\$ 32,00	5,000	\$ 29,3	95,000	\$ 52,881,611	\$ 45,390,403

The City's total outstanding debt decreased by \$7,491,208 during Fiscal Year 2006. This was a result of the refinancing of a Special Assessment Bond, an interim bond call for one of the Special Assessment Bonds, a refunding of a revenue bond, the repayment of the Telecommunication Bonds due to the sale of the Telecommunications assets, and the required debt service payments.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 4% of its total taxable value. The current limitations for the City are \$16,172,755, which is significantly in excess of the City's outstanding general obligation debt. In addition, state statutes allows for an additional 4% to be used for water, sewer, or other projects thus resulting in a debt limit of 8% of total taxable value. Total limitation is \$32,345,510, which again significantly exceeds the outstanding debt.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in the footnotes to this financial report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- City of Eagle Mountain continues to experience high growth rates. Of the general fund revenues, approximately 30% is derived from development activities. We anticipate that the growth rate will remain consistent for the coming fiscal year.
- The General Fund Expenditure budget for the fiscal year-ending June 30, 2007 reflects an increase of 30% over the final budget for fiscal year ending June 30, 2006.

Request For Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Eagle Mountain City's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to: Eagle Mountain City, Finance Director, 1650 East Stagecoach Run, Eagle Mountain, UT 84005.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Assets
June 30, 2006

		ent	
	Governmental	Business-type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 5,997,933	\$ 9,305,146	\$ 15,303,079
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	6,449,875	4,715,719	11,165,594
Accounts Receivable			
Customers (Net of Allowance)	70,461	1,207,114	1,277,575
Intergovernmental	79,236	-	79,236
Assessments Receivable	14,324,383	-	14,324,383
Taxes Receivable	838,638	-	838,638
Other Receivable		200,000	200,000
Prepaid Expenses	2,854		2,854
Internal Balances	(188,389)	188, 389	-
Deferred bond cost - net	865,084	1,730,706	2,595,790
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):			
Land	5,384,797	1,667,276	7,052,073
Buildings	711,004	4,047,094	4,758,098
Improvements	5,954	-	5,954
Equipment and Systems	540,116	36,710,211	3 7,25 0,3 27
Infrustructure	32,669,160		32,669,160
Total assets	67,751,106	59,771,655	127,522,761
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	568,923	863,461	1,432,384
Deposits	494,445	250,492	744,937
Deferred revenue	588,828	-	588,828
Bond interest payable	292,406	122,837	415,243
Unamortized Bond Premium		462,188	462,188
Long Term Liabilities		-	
Due Within One Year	1,722,515	220,000	1,942,515
Due in More Than One Year	14,320,910	29,214,309	43,535,219
Total liabilities	17,988,027	31,133,287	49,121,314
NET ASSETS		_	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	23,315,628	14,064,344	3 7,3 79,9 72
Restricted			
C Roads	712,766	-	712,766
Impact Fees	3,961,472	4,686,839	8,648,311
Unrestricted	21,773,213	9,887,185	31,660,398
Total net assets	\$ 49,763,079	\$ 28,638,368	\$ 78,401,447

For the Year Ended June 30, 2006 Statement of Activities

		Pr	Program Revenues	20	Net (Expe	Net (Expense) Rev & Chgs in Net Assets	s in Ne	t Assets
			Operating	Capital		Primary Government	nent	
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-type		
Function/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities		Total
Primary government:								
Governmental activities:								
General government	\$ 2,611,321	\$ 1,216,112	ا ج	ر د	\$ (1,395,209)	, S	69	(1,395,209)
Public safety	1,395,467	157,380	117,640	10,704	(1,109,743)			(1,109,743)
Public Works	2,022,183	2,169,196		3,569,132	3,716,145			3,716,145
Commity Development	585,551	111,782	•	,	(473,769)			(473,769)
Planning	187,098	2,545,356	41,371	•	2,399,629			2,399,629
Interest on long-term debt	1,912,814	•	1	1	(1,912,814)			(1,912,814)
Total governmental activities	8,714,434	6,199,826	159,011	3,579,836	1,224,240			1,224,240
Business-type activities:								
Water	1,531,759	3,132,573	•	799,572	•	2,400,386		2,400,386
Sewer	1,606,516	1,591,447	•	51,520	•	36,451		36,451
Electric	5,786,783	4,806,023	•	98,280	•	(882,480)		(882,480)
Gas	3,454,314	3,778,937	,	9,800	•	334,423		334,423
Non Major Business-Type	1,608,990	1,357,058	•	•	,	(251,932)		(251,932)
Total business-type activities	13,988,362	14,666,038	ŀ	959,172		1,636,848		1,636,848
Total primary government	\$22,702,796	\$ 20,865,864	\$ 159,011	\$4,539,008	1,224,240	1,636,848		2,861,088
	General revenues:	es:						
	Property taxes	S			\$ 723,710	.	6/3	723,710
	General sales and use tax	and use tax			778,689	1		778,689
	Franchise Taxes	xes			479,024	1		479,024
	Miscellaneous	S			283,485	•		283,485
	Loss on sale	Loss on sale of capital assets				(83,138)		(83,138)
	Interest Earnings	sgu			610,962			610,962
	Transfers				•	•		•
	Total gener	Total general revenues			2,875,870	(83,138)		2,792,732
	Change ir	Change in net assets			4,100,110	1,553,710		5,653,820
	Net assets - beginning	ginning			45,662,969	27,084,658		72,747,627
	Net assets - ending	ling			\$ 49,763,079	\$ 28,638,368	S	78,401,447

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Balance Sheet
Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

	General Fund	Special Revenue 98-1	Special Revenue 200-1	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,767, 767	\$ 71,440	\$ 65,587	\$ 12,707	\$ 5,917,501
Restricted cash	•	1,686,219	3,715,500	1,048,156	6,449,875
Receivables (net):					
Accounts	70,461	-	-	-	70,461
Taxes	838,638	-	_	-	838 ,638
Intergovernmental	79,2 36	-	-	-	79,236
Special Assessments	-	4,602,504	8,065,081	1,656,798	14,324,383
Prepaid Expenses	2,854	-	-	-	2,854
Due from Other Funds	472,348	-	-	-	472,348
Total assets	\$ 7,231,304	\$ 6,360,163	\$11,846,168	\$ 2,717,661	\$ 28,155,296
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:					
	\$ 554,083	\$ -	s -	s -	\$ 554 ,08 3
Accounts payable & accrued liabilities		J	3 -	J -	494 ,445
Deposits Due to other funds	494,44 5	-	-	472,348	472,348
	- 	4,602,504	8,065,081	1,656,798	14,936,322
Deferred revenue	611,939		8,065,081	2,129,146	16,457,198
Total liabilities	1,660,467	4,602,504	8,003,081	2,129,140	10,437,198
Fund Balances:					
Fund balances reserved for:					
Roads	712,766	•	-	-	712,766
Impact Fees	2,424,466	447,377	1,039,572	50,057	3,961,472
Debt Service		-	-	-	-
Unreserved, reported in:				-	
General Fund	2,433,605	-	-	-	2,433,605
Debt Service Fund	-	-	-	12,707	12,707
Capital Projects Fund	•	-	-	(163,544)	(163,544)
Special Revenue Funds		1,310,282	2,741,515	689,295	4,741,092
Total fund balances	5,570,837	1,757,659	3,781,087	588,515	11,698,098
Total liabilities & fund balances	\$ 7,231,304	\$ 6,360,163	\$11,846,168	\$ 2,717,661	\$ 28,155,296

Balance Sheet Reconciliation to Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2006

Total fund balances - governmental fund types:	\$ 11,698,098
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	39,311,031
Long-term assets not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds	14,347,494
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(15,470,746)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of fleet management to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in the governmental activities in the statement of net assets	(122,798)
Net assets of government activities	\$ 49,763,079

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

REVENUES	General Fund	Special Revenue 98-1	Special Revenue 200-1	Nonmajor Governmental Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Taxes	\$ 1,975,019	\$ -	s -	\$ -	\$ 1.975.019
Special Assesments	\$ 1,973,019	1,900,394	3,601,604	ծ - 894,1 29	.,,
Licenses and permits	2,555,678	1,900,394	3,001,004.	094,129	6,396,127
Intergovernmental	499,806	•	-	•	2,555,6 78 499, 806
Charges for services	1,426,009	-	-	-	1,426,009
Impact fees	1,220,121	225,545	759,184	13,290	
Miscellaneous	712,980	64,208	114,837	43,793	2,218,140 935,818
Total revenues	8,389,613	2,190,147		951,212	
Total revenues	6,369,013	2,190,147	4,475,625	931,212	16,006,597
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government	2,511,697	117	155,426	7,750	2,674,990
Public safety	1,326,771	_	,	-	1,326,771
Public works	89 0,9 46	-	_	_	8 90,9 46
Planning and Zoning	198,802	-	-	_	198,802
Community Development	602,492	•	_	-	602,492
Debt service:	·				•
Principal retirement	-	1,427,000	11,585,000	709,208	13,721,208
Interest and fiscal charges	-	369,532	1,381,968	200,568	1,952,068
Capital Outlay	-	· -	206,798	744,600	951,398
Total expenditures	5,530,708	1,796,649	13,329,192	1,662,126	22,318,675
Excess revenues over (under)					
expenditures	2,858,905	393,498	(8,853,567)	(710,914)	(6,312,078)
CAPONANCIOS	2,636,703	373,470	(8,833,307)	(/10,514)	(0,312,076)
Other financing sources (uses)					
Debt Proceeds	•	_	8,740,000	-	8,7 40,0 00
Operating Transfers In	-	-	300,000	75,335	375,335
Operating Transfers Out	(375,335)	-	, <u>-</u>		(375,335)
Total other financing sources and uses	(375,335)	-	9,040,000	75,335	8,740,000
Excess of revs and other sources					
over (under) expend and other uses	2,483,570	393,498	186,433	(635,579)	2,427,923
Fund balances - beginning of year	3,087,267	1,364,161	3,594,654	1,224,093	9,270,175
Fund balances - end of year	\$ 5,570,837	\$ 1,757,659	\$ 3,781,087	\$ 588,515	\$ 11,698,098

Statement of Changes Reconciliation to Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 2,427,923
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the	
statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated	
useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which	
capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.	(76,871)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets	
(i.e., sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to increase (decrease) net assets.	
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources	
are not reported as revenues in the funds.	(3,192,053)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provide current financial	
resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of	
long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds.	
Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also governmental	
funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items	
when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in	
the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in	
the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	4,764,547
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the cost of the fleet	
management to the individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities of internal	
service funds is reported with governmental activities	(122,797)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of	
current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in	200 261
governmental funds.	299,361
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$ 4,100,110
<u>u</u>	

Statement of Net Assets
Proprietary Funds
June 30, 2006

					Busi	iness-Type Ac	tivitie	s - Enterprise	<u> </u>					vernmental
		Water		Sewer		Electric		Gas		NonMajor terprise Fund		Total]	activities internal rice Fund
ASSETS														-
Current assets:														
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3, 869 ,699	S	116,500	\$	3,219,483	\$	100,588	\$	1,998,876	\$	9,305,146	\$	80,432
Accounts receivable - net		220 ,268		1 21,68 6		501 ,420		273,112		90,628		1,207,114		-
Other Receivables										200,000		200,000		
Due from other funds				<u> </u>		<u> </u>	_	-				0		-
Total current assets		4,089,967		238,186		3,720 ,903	_	373,700		2,289,504		10,712,260		80,432
Noncurrent assets:														
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		761,062		1,109,529		1,767,699		1,077,429		-		4,715,719		_
Land, equipment, buildings and improv.		15,441,401		12,465,111		19,654,531		6,214,862		-		53,775,905		317,263
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(2,864,250)		(2,600,076)		(4,194,757)	(1,692,242)		-		(11,351,325)		(35,535)
Deferred bond financing costs - net		186,291	_	430,633		946,715		167,067		-		1,730,706		•
Total noncurrent assets		13,524,504		11,405,197		18,174,188		5,767,116		•	,	48,871,005		281,728
Total assets		17,614,471	_	11,643,383	_	21,895,091		6,140,816		2,289,504	_	59,583,265	_	362,160
LIABILITIES Current liabilities:														
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		38,367		293,405		408,910		68,055		54,723		863,460		14,841
Bond Interest Payable		18,259		38,801		55,910		9,867		-		122,837		-
Due to Other Funds		-		-		-		•		-		0		-
Current portion of bonds payable		70,400		149,600	_			<u> </u>				220,000		· · · ·
Total current liabilities		127,026		481,806		464,820	_	77,922		54,723	_	1,206,297		14,841
Noncurrent liabilities:														
Deposits		44,340		38,673		75,238		92,241		-		250,492		-
Compensated Absences		7,410		11,740		15,889		4,270		-		39,309		-
Bond Premium - Net						392 ,860		69,328		-		462,188		
Bonds Payable		2,496,434		5,203,566		18,253,750	:	3,221,250		<u> </u>		29,175,000		•
Total noncurrent liabilities		2,548,184		5,253,979		18,737,737		3,38 7,089				29,926,989		
Total liabilities		2,675,210	_	5,7 35,78 5	_	19,202,557		3,465,011		54,723		31,133,286		14,841
Net Assets:														
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		10,113,073		4,621,993		(2,793,976)	:	2,123,254		_		14,064,344		-
Restricted - Impact Fees		2,858,149		720,241		1,108,449		-				4,686,839		-
Unrestricted		1,968,039		565,364		4,378,061		552,551		2,234,781	_	9,698,796	_	238,014
Total net assets	s	14,939,261	<u>s</u>	5,907,598	\$	2,692,534	\$	2,675,805	S	2,234,781	S	28,449,979	<u>s</u>	238,014
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation	on of i	nternal service	fimd	activities to the	enterr	orise funds						1 88 ,389		
Net assests business-type activities				DOM THOS W UIC	-away	THING					<u>s</u>	28,638,368		
THE BOOKS CHANGE TYPE BUTTINGS												23,036,306		

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets

Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

		Е	Business-Type Activ	ities - Enterprise	Funds		Governmental
	Water	Sewer	Electric	Gas	Nonmajor Enterprise Fund	Total	Activities Internal Service Fund
Operating revenues:							
Charges for Services	\$ -	S -	s -	\$ -	\$ 1,262,591	\$ 1,262,591	\$ 507,000
Charges for Services Pledged as Security							
on Revenue Bonds	1,587,211	1,090,026	4,192,001	3,697,521	•	10,566,759	•
Other Operating Income					80,738	80,738	
Total operating revenues	1,587,211	1,090,026	4,192,001	3,697,521	1,343,329	11,910,088	507,000
Operating expenses:							
Salaries and wages	207,037	192,878	245,170	196,905	279,658	1,121,648	-
Purchased Services	660,544	590,722	3,111,941	2,427,167	615,930	7,406 ,304	76,822
Supplies and Materials	97,168	90,240	59,7 76	35,294	72,168	354,646	47,324
Depreciation and Amortization	506, 820	423,297	854,659	308,028	209,794	2,30 2,598	35,535
Miscellaneous	1,232	1,598	59,775	353	3,928	66,886	-
Total operating expenses	1,472,801	1,298,735	4,331,321	2,967,747	1,181,478	11,252,082	159,681
Operating income	114,410	(208,709)	(139,320)	729,774	161,851	658,006	347,319
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):							
Interest revenue	46,560	43,727	106,076	81,416	13,729	291 ,508	•
Impact Fees	1,498,802	457,694	507,946		-	2,464,442	•
Interest expense and fiscal charges	(154,864)	(326,962)	(1,507,867)	(507,463)	(427,512)	(2,924,668)	•
Loss on sale of telecom assets			, , ,		(83,140)	(83,140)	-
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	1,390,498	174,459	(893,845)	(426,047)	(496,923)	(251,858)	
Net Income (loss) before contributions							
and Transfers	1,504,908	(34,250)	(1,033,165)	303,727	(335,072)	406,148	347,319
Capital Contributions	799, 572	51,520	98,280	9,800	-	959,172	
Operating Transfers In	-	-	120,000	•	-	120,000	-
Operating Transfers out	(90,000)	(30,000)	•		•	(120,000)	-
Total Contributions and Transfers	709,572	21,520	218,280	9,800		959,172	-
Change in net assets	2,214,480	(12,730)	(814,885)	313,527	(335,072)	1,365,320	347,319
Total net assets - beginning	12,724,781	5,920,328	3,507,419	2,362,278	2,569,853		-
Total net assets - ending	\$ 14,939,261	\$ 5,907,598	\$ 2,692,534	\$ 2,675,805	\$ 2,234,781		\$ 347,319
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation Change in net assets of business-		fund activities to	enterprise funds			188,389 \$ 1,553,709	

Statement of Cash Flows

Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds					Go	overnmental			
						N	onmajor prise Funds		Activities Internal	
	Water		Sewer	Electric	Gas	Liito	prise i unus	Total BTAs		vice Fund
Cash Flows From Operating Activities	• 10	4304	£ 1 120 450	£ 4061 705	6.2 (00.014	•	1.206.554	6 11 002 145	_	507.000
Receipts from customers Interfund Services	•	4, 394 3,98 3	\$ 1,139,458	\$ 4,061,725	\$ 3,680,014 (793,743)	\$	1,396,554 (10,240)	\$ 11 ,892,14 5	\$	507,000
Payments to suppliers		4,168)	(767,486)	(2,983,207)	(2,450,939)		(693,484)	(7,649,284)		(109,305)
Payments to employees	-	3,9 50)	(197,487)	(244,156)	(199,668)		(308,666)	(1,173,927)		-
Net cash provided (used) by										
operating activities	1,44	0,2 59	174,485	834,362	235,664		384,164	3,068,934		397,695
Cash Flows From Noncapital										
Financing Activities										
Transfers In		-	-	120,000	-		-	120,000		-
Transfers Out	(9	0,0 00)	(30,000)					(120,000)		
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	(9	0,0 00)	(30,000)	120,000						-
Cash Flows From Capital and Related										
Financing Activities										
Proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt				18,660,156	3,292,969			21,953,125		-
Proceeds from the sale of capital assets							5,149,084	5,149,084		-
Bond acquisition costs				(983,600)	(173,576)		-	(1,157,176)		-
Purchases of capital assets	-	2,172)	(79,740)	(252,235)	(331,956)		•	(1,176,103)		(317,263)
Impact Fees Collected	•	8,802	457,694	507, 946			•	2,464,442		-
Developer Contributions		0,000	(142,800)	(16,821,250)	(3,003,750)		(4,050,000)	750,000 (24,085,000)		
Principal paid on capital debt Interest paid on capital debt	-	7,200) 4,638)	(326,480)	(864,443)	(3,003,730)		(371,550)	(1,869,660)		-
Net cash provided (used) by capital		4, 036)	(320,480)	(804,443)	(132,345)	-	(3/1,330)	(1,805,800)		
and related financing activities	1,51	4,792	(91,326)	246,574	(368,862)		727,534	2,028,712		(317,263)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities										
Interest and dividends received	4	6, 560	43,727	92,529	80,150		13,729	276,695		-
Net increase (decrease) in cash and										
cash equivalents	-	1,611	96,886	1,293,465	(53,048)		1,125,427	5,374,341		80,432
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning		9,150	1,129,143	3,693,717	1,231,065	_	873,449	8,646,524	<u> </u>	80,432
Cash and cash equivalents (deficit) - end	\$ 4,63	0, 761	\$ 1,226,029	\$ 4,987,182	\$ 1,178,017	\$	1,998,876	\$ 14,020,865	-	80,432
Reconciliation of operating income to										
net cash provided (used) by operating										
activities:	.,	4.410	(209 700)	(130 320)	729,774		161 ,851	658,006		347,319
Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating		4,410	(208,709)	(139,320)	123,714		101,031			J419J17
income to net cash provided (used) by										
operating activities:										
Depreciation expense	50	6,820	423, 297	854,659	308,028		209,794	2,302,598		35,535
(Inc)/decrease in accounts rec.	3	3,653	43, 990	(139,511)	(32,187)		205,376	111,321		
(Inc)/decrease in due from other funds	80	3,983						803,983		-
Increase (decr.) in accounts payable	((8,164)	(84,926)	248,285	11,875		(1,458)	165,612		14,841
Increase (decr) in Due to other funds			(4.600)		(793,743)		(10,240)	(803,983)		-
Increase (decr) in compensated absences	(1	6,913)	(4,609)	(1,014)			(29,008)	(54,3 07)		-
Increase (decr.) in deposits Total adjustments	1 22	6,470 5,849	5,442 383,194	973,682	(494,110)		(152,151) 222,313	(114,296) 2,410,928		50,376
Net cash provided (used) by	1,54	.3,047	363,194	975,082	(454,110)		222,313	2,410,720		50,570
operating activities	\$ 1,44	0, 259	\$ 174,485	\$ 834,362	\$ 235,664	\$	384,164	\$ 3,068,934	<u>s</u>	397,695
Noncash Investing, capital, and financing										
activities										
Contributions by Developers	<u>s</u> 4	19.572	\$ 51,520	\$ 98,280	\$ 9,800					

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Eagle Mountain (the City) financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). Governments are also required to follow the pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued through November 30, 1989 (when applicable) that do not conflict with or contradict the GASB pronouncements. The City applies FASB pronouncements issued after that date to its business-type activities and enterprise funds. The more significant accounting policies established by GAAP and used by the City are discussed below.

A. Reporting Entity

Eagle Mountain City was incorporated December 1996, under laws of the State of Utah. Under the present form of government, administrative and legislative powers are vested in a governing body, consisting of the Mayor and a five-member City Council. They are assisted by a City Administrator, who also is the City's budget officer. The treasurer is currently responsible for the financial matters of the City, including money management, accounts payable, financial statements, utility billing, and accounts receivable. The City provides the following services as mandated by law: Public Safety, Highways and Streets, Sanitation, Parks, Water, Public Improvements, Planning and Zoning, and General Administrative Services.

The General Purpose Financial Statements of the City include the financial statements for all activities of the City based upon the criteria set forth in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 14. The primary criteria for including a board or agency in this report is financial accountability which determines whether an entity is a component unit of the financial reporting entity. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in substance, part of the government's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. Discretely presented component units are reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize they are legally separate from the City. The City reports no component units.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statements of changes in net assets) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

(Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows.

Property taxes are recognized in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they are "measurable and available"). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The government considers all revenues available if they are collected within 60 days after the year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured interest on general long-term debt as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, claims, and judgments, which are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, and earned but unreimbursed state and federal grants associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

Measurement Focus (Continued)

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The general fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Special Improvement Districts Special Revenue Funds 98-1, 2001-1, are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts, or capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

The government reports the following major proprietary funds:

The water fund accounts for the activities of the City's water operations.

The sewer fund accounts for the activities of the City's sewer operations.

The electric fund accounts for the activities of the City's electric operations.

The gas fund accounts for the activities of the City's gas operations.

Additionally the government reports the following fund types:

The Internal service fund accounts for the fleet management services provided to other departments of the government, on a cost reimbursement basis.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated form the government-wide financial statement. Exceptions to this general rule are payments to the general fund by the various enterprise funds for providing administrative services for such funds. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenue reported for the various functions concerned.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principle ongoing operations.

D. Cash and Investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

(Continued)

The City's temporary cash investments consist of amounts deposited with Utah Public Treasurers' Investment Fund and money market funds. Investments are stated at cost, which approximates fair value.

E. Interfund Transactions

During the course of normal operations, the City has transactions between funds to distribute administrative costs and distribute grant proceeds. These transactions are generally reflected as operating transfers, which are transfers from a fund authorized to receive certain revenues to the fund through which the resources are to be expended. The General Fund billed the respective enterprise funds for administrative costs associated with billing and collection of utility charges.

F. Restricted Assets

The City maintains cash balances as required by bond covenants. These amounts are reflected in the financial statements as restricted cash. It is the City's policy to use restricted assets first and then unrestricted assets.

G. Capital Assets

Capital assets which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

Capital Assets (Continued)

Property, plant and equipment of the primary government is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings and structures	30-50
Improvements other than buildings	20-50
Infrastructure	30-50
Machinery and equipment	5-10
Furniture and fixtures	5-10

H. Compensated Absences

City employees accrue earned vacation, sick leave, long term sick leave, and comp time throughout the year. They are allowed to carry forward into the next calendar year all accrued comp, long term sick leave, and up to 240 hours of vacation time. But are encouraged to take their vacation leave within the calendar year in which it is earned. Upon termination of employment, an employee will be compensated for up to 240 hours of unused vacation leave, comp time, long term sick leave but forfeits any accumulated sick leave.

Vacation pay is accrued when incurred in proprietary funds and reported as a fund liability. Vacation pay that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it.

I. Taxes

In Utah, county governments assess, levy, collect and disburse two principal types of tax: (1) personal property tax which is assessed on business assets other than real estate, and (2) tax on real estate and improvements. Business personal property and real estate taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1st. Taxes are levied on all business personal property on January 1st, and real estate and improvement taxes are levied on January 1st and are payable by November 30th. The real property taxes which are due in November are reported as a receivable from property taxes on the financial statements. Because these taxes are not considered available to liquidate liabilities of the current period, they are offset by deferred revenue.

The City Council is authorized by state statute to levy a tax against all real and personal property located within its boundaries. The Council must set a tax rate by June 22nd each year.

The County Treasurer, acting as a tax collector, must settle and disburse all tax collections to all taxing entities on a routine basis.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

J. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the accrual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

K. Fund Equity

Reservations of fund balance represent amounts that are not appropriable or are legally segregated for a specific purpose. Reservations of net assets are limited to outside third party restrictions. Appropriations of net assets are amounts that are specifically set aside for a particular expense in the following year. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

L. Use of Estimates

Presenting financial statements in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles requires management to make certain estimates concerning assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses. Actual results may vary from these estimates.

NOTE 2 – RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANICAL STATEMENTS

A. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net assets

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between fund balance – total governmental funds and net assets – governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net assets.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

Explanation (Continued)

This difference primarily results from the long-term economic focus of the statement of net assets versus the current financial resources focus of the governmental fund balance sheets.

1. Capital related items:

When capital assets (property, plant, and equipment) that are to be used in governmental activities are purchased or constructed, the cost of these assets are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, the statement of net assets includes those capital assets among the assets of the city as a whole.

Cost of capital assets	\$47,925,706
Accumulated depreciation	(<u>8,614,675</u>)
Net adjustment to increase fund balance –	
total governmental funds to arrive at net-	
assets - governmental activities)	\$39,311,031

2. Long-term assets:

Long-term assets applicable to the City's governmental activities are not available to pay for expenditures of the current period and are, therefore, deferred in the governmental balance sheet.

Special assessment revenue	\$14,341,090
Delinquent property taxes	<u>6,404</u>
Net adjustment to increase fund balance –	
total governmental funds to arrive at net	
assets - governmental activities	<u>\$14,347,494</u>

3. Long-term debt transactions:

Long-term liabilities applicable to the City's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities in the fund statements. All liabilities (both current and long-term) are reported in the statement of net assets.

Bonds and capital leases payable	(\$15,995,403)
Bond interest payable	(292,406)
Deferred bond costs	865,084
Compensated absences	(<u>48,021</u>)
Net adjustment to reduce fund balance –	
total governmental funds to arrive at	
not assets - governmental activities	(\$15,470,746)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

B. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances – total governmental funds and changes in net assets of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that "governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense."

Capital outlay	\$1,407,580
Depreciation expense	(1,484,451)
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund	
balances – total governmental funds	
to arrive at changes in net assets	
of governmental activities	\$ (76,871)

Another element of that reconciliation states, "The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities."

Debt issued:

Bonds Issued	(\$8,740,000)
Issuance cost amortization	(<u>216,661</u>)
Total Debt Incurred	(8,956,661)

Principal Payments:

Principal paid on bonds and capital leases	<u>\$13,721,208</u>
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund	
balances – total governmental funds to arrive	
at changes in net assets of governmental activities	<u>\$4,764,547</u>

Another element of that reconciliation states that certain expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and are, therefore, not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

Explanation (Continued)

Accrued bond interest \$ 255,915
Compensated absences 43,446
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund
balances – total governmental funds to arrive
at changes in net assets of governmental activities \$299,361

NOTE 3 - BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

Annual budgets are prepared and adopted in accordance with the Uniform Fiscal Procedures Act adopted by the State of Utah. Once a budget has been adopted, it remains in effect until it has been formally revised. Furthermore, in accordance with state law, all appropriations lapse at the end of the budget year. If any obligations are contracted for and are in excess of adopted budget, they are not a valid or enforceable claim against the City. Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

The City adheres to the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- A. On or before the first regularly scheduled meeting of the City Council in May, the City Administrator, authorized under state statute to be appointed budget officer, submits a proposed operating budget. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- B. A public hearing is held at which time the taxpayers' comments are heard. Notice of the hearing is given in the local newspaper at least seven days prior to the hearing. Copies of the proposed budget are made available for public inspection ten days prior to the public hearing.
- C. On or before June 22nd, a final balanced budget must be adopted through passage of a resolution for the subsequent fiscal year beginning July 1st.
- D. Control of budgeted expenditures is exercised, under state law, at the departmental level. The City Administrator, however, acting as budget officer, has the authority to transfer budget appropriations between line items within any department of any budgetary fund. The City Council, by resolution, has the authority to transfer budget appropriations between the individual departments of any budgetary fund.
- E. Budget appropriations for any department may be reduced by resolution.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 3 – BUDGETS (Continued)

- F. A public hearing, as required in (B) above, must be held to increase the total appropriations of any one governmental fund type; however, after the original public hearing, operating and capital budgets of proprietary fund types may be increased by resolution without an additional hearing.
- G. Encumbrances lapse at year end. Encumbered amounts carry over to the following year and are subject to reappropriation. Therefore, no encumbrances are presented in the financial statements.

During the budget year, the City modified the budget using the above procedures.

NOTE - CASH

The City maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. At June 30, 2006 the City's cash balance consisted of the following:

Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Temporary Cash Investments	\$ 15,303,079
Cash, and Cash equivalents - Restricted	 11,165,594
Total Cash and cash Equivalents	\$ 26,468,673

While the City's carrying amount of deposits was \$13,318,929 the balance in the City's bank account and cash on hand was \$11,170,974, with the difference being due to outstanding checks and deposits in transit.

A. Deposits

<u>Deposits – Custodial Credit Risk.</u> Custodial risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City follows the requirements of the Utah Money Management Act in handling its depository and investing transactions. The City considers the actions of the State Money Management Council to be necessary and sufficient for adequate protection of its uninsured bank deposits. City funds are deposited in qualified depositories as defined by the Act. The City does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2006, the City's custodial credit risk for deposits were as follows:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 4 CASH (Continued)

Depository Account	Custodial Credit Risk	Balance June 30, 2006
Checking and Savings	Insured and collateralized	\$ 100,010
Checking and Savings	Uninsured and uncollateralized	2,423,661
Investment Sweep	Uninsured and uncollateralized	8,647,303
Total Deposits		\$ 11,170,974

B. Investments

The City's investments are managed through participation in the State Public Treasurers' Investment Fund and through a trust arrangement with a local bank. As of June 30, 2006 the City had the following investments:

Investments Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund	Investment Maturities (in Years)								
	Less Than 1	1-5		6-10		More than			
	\$ 5,889,238	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
First American Treasury Obligations	7,260,500								
Total Investments	\$13,149,738	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		

<u>Investments – Interest Rate Risk.</u> The City does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. However, interest rate risk is managed by compliance with the Utah Money Management Act, which provides guidance for handling depository and investing transactions in order to minimize interest rate risk.

<u>Investments – Credit Risk.</u> The City follows the requirements of the Utah Money Management Act in handling its Depository and investing transactions. The City funds are deposited in qualified depositories as defined by the Act. The Act also authorizes the City to invest in the Utah Public Treasurers Investment Fund (PTIF), certificates of Deposits, U.S. Treasury obligations, U.S. agency issues, restricted mutual funds, and obligations of governmental entities within the State of Utah. The City's investments are invested in

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

(Continued)

accordance with the Act. The State Money Management Council provides regulatory oversight for the investments. The degree of risk of the investments depends on the underlying portfolio. The Act and Council rules govern the financial reporting requirements of qualified depositories in which public funds may be deposited and prescribe the conditions under which the designation of a depository shall remain in effect. If a qualified depository should become ineligible to hold public funds, public treasurers are notified immediately. The City considers the actions of the Council to be necessary and sufficient for adequate protection of its investments. The City has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

At June 30, 2006 the City had the following investments and quality ratings:

Investments		Quality Ratings							
	Fair Value	AAA		AA		Α		Unrated	
Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund	\$ 5,889,238	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 5,88 9,2 38	
First American Treasury Obligations	7,260,500	\$ 7,260,500						-	
Total Investments	\$13,149,738	\$ 7,2	60 ,500	\$	_	\$		\$5,889,238	

Investments Custodial Credit Risk. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Of the City's \$13,149,738 investment in a trust arrangement, and the Utah State Treasurers Investment Pool, the entire amount of underlying securities are held by the Investment's counterparty, not in the City's name and are not insured. The City's investment arrangements primarily invest in Utah State Treasurers investment pool, obligations of the United States Treasury, agencies, or instrumentalities of the United States that meet the allowable investments of the Utah Money Management Act. The City does not have an investment policy for custodial credit risk.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 5 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of year end for the government's individual major and nonmajor funds, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

		Gen eral	SID 98-1	SID 2001-1	Water	Sewer	Electric	Gas	Non major Ent erprise	Non major Govt'l		Total
Receivables:	_	Ochelai	- 70-1	2001-1	· · · · · · ·	Bewei	Licourc	Guo	Enterprise			
Accounts	\$	70,461			\$225,268	\$ 126,686	\$ 506,420	\$ 278,112	\$105,628		\$	1,312,575
Taxes		838,638										838,638
Special												-
Assessments			4,602,504	8,065,081						1,656,798	1	4,324,383
Intergovernmental		79,236										79,236
Less Allowance .												-
For uncollectible												-
Accounts					(5,000)	(5,000)	(5,000)	(5,000)	(15,000)			(35,000)
	<u>\$</u>	988,335	\$ 4,602,504	\$ 8,065,081	\$ 220,268	\$ 121,686	\$ 501,420	\$ 273,112	\$ 90,628	\$ 1,656,798	<u>\$</u>	16,519,832

NOTE 6 – INTERFUND RECEIVABLES

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2006 are as follows:

Receivable <u>Amount</u>	Payable <u>Amount</u>
\$ -	\$ 42,371
	266,433
	163,544
472,348	
<u>\$472,348</u>	<u>\$472,348</u>
	<u>Amount</u> \$ - <u>472,348</u>

Governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of deferred revenue and unearned revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	<u>Unavailable</u>	<u>Unearned</u>
Property taxes receivable (General Fund)	\$ 624,627	\$
Special Assessments (Special Revenue Fund)	14,324,384	
Total	<u>\$14,949,011</u>	<u>\$0</u>

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended Ju Primary Government	ine .	-	ionows:					T 1'
Governmental activities:		Beginning	7		ъ.			Ending
		Balance	inc	reases	Decrea	ases		Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	\$	5 294 707					•	5 20 4 707
Total capital assets not being depreciated	<u> </u>	5,384,797						5,384,797
Total capital assets not being depreciated		5,384,797						5,384,797
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Buildings		841,116						841,116
Improvements		7,600						7,600
Machinery and equipment		914,747	3	81,558				1,296,305
Infrastructure		39,369 ,866	1,0	26,022				40,395,888
Total capital assets being depreciated		41,133,329	1,4	07,580				42,540,909
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings		111,420		18,692				130,112
Improvements		1,393		253				1,646
Machinery and equipment		607,358	1.	48,831				756,189
Infrastructure		6,410,053		16,675		•		7,726,728
Total accumulated depreciation		7,130,224		84,451				8,614,675
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		34,003,105		76,871)				33,926,234
Governmental activities capital assets, net		39,387,902	\$	(76,871)	\$	_	\$	39,311,031
	-							
		Beginning						Ending
Business-type activities:		Balance	Inci	reases	Decrea	ses		Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Construction in Progress	\$	-					\$	-
Land		1,750,903			83	3,627		1,667,276
Total capital assets not being depreciated		1,750,903		0	83	3,627		1,667,276
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Buildings		4,426,352		144,144				4,570,496
Machinery and equipment		53,644,015		1,241,131	7,347	7.013		47,538,133
Total capital assets being depreciated		58,070,367		1,385,275	7,347			52,108,629
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings		396 ,90 4		126,498				523,402
~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~				-	1 009	3,417		10,827,922
Machinery and equipment		[() 747 401		/ ()X 3 X 4 X				10.041.744
Machinery and equipment Total accumulated depreciation		10,742,491		2,083,848 2,210,346				
Machinery and equipment Total accumulated depreciation Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		10,742,491 11,139,395 46,930,972		2,083,848 2,210,346 (825,071)	1,998 5,348	3,417		11,351,324 40,757,305

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 14,302
Public safety	116,132
Public Works	1,344,585
Planning	9,432
	\$1,484,451
Business-type activities:	
Water	\$ 498,363
Sewer	403,622
Electric	810,639
Gas	297,329
Telecom	200,393
Total depreciation expense - Business-Type Activities	\$2,210,346
Total depreciation expense	\$3,694,797

NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM DEBT

Bonds and notes payable at June 30, 2006 are comprised of the following:

Governmental Acitivities:	July 1 2005	Additions	Reductions	June 30 2006	Due in One Yr
Bonds Payable:					
Excise tax road bonds	\$ 1,226,000	\$ -	\$ 103,000	\$1,123,000	\$ 108,000
Special Assessment bond 97-1	470,000	-	148,000	322,000	156,000
Special Assessment bond 98-3	1,879,000	-	433,000	1,446,000	457,000
Special Assessment bond 2001-1	11,585,000	-	11,585,000	-	-
Special Assessment bond 2004A	5,637,000	-	1,427,000	4,210,000	645,000
Special Assessment bond 2006	-	8,840,000	•	8,840,000	330,000
Capital Lease	79,611	-	25,208	54,40 3	26,515
Compensated absences	91,468		43,447	48,022	
Gov't Activities long-term Debt	\$20,968,079	\$8,840,000	\$13,764,655	\$16,043,425	\$ 1,722,515

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

	July 1 2005	Additions	Reductions	June 30 2006	Due in One Yr
Business Type Activities:	· —				
Bonds Payable:					
Water and Sewer Revenue					•
Bond	\$ 8,130,000	\$ -	\$ 210,000	\$ 7,920,000	\$ 220,000
Electric and Gas Revenue Bond	19,825,000	-	19,825,000		-
Telecommunication Revenue Bond	4,050,000	-	4,050,000	-	-
Electric & Gas Refunding Bond		21,475,000		21,475,000	-
Compensated Absences	93,616		54,307	39,309	
Business- Type					
Activities long-term Debt	\$32,098,616	\$21,475,000	\$24,139,307	\$29,434,309	\$ 220,000

1. \$2,195,000 Eagle Mountain City Special Assessment Bonds Series 1997 (SID 97-1) These bonds require annual installments of interest and principal due beginning December 15, 2001 through December 15, 2007, bearing interest ranging from 4.75% to 5.25%. Debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Principal Principal	Interest	Total
2007	\$156,000	\$18,998	\$174,998
2008	166,000	9,794	175,794
Total	\$322,000	\$28,792	\$350,792

2. \$5,090,000 Eagle Mountain City Special Assessment Bonds, Series 1998 (SID 98-3) These bonds require annual installments of interest and principal due December 15, 2001 through December 15, 2008, bearing interest of 5.5%. Debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Principal		Interest		Total		
2007	\$	457,000	\$	79,530	\$	536,530	
2008		481,000		54,395		535,395	
2009		508,000		27,940		535,940	
Total	\$	1,446,000	\$	161,865	\$	1,607,865	

3. \$6,295,000 Eagle Mountain City Special Assessment Bonds Series 2005A (SID 98-1) These bonds require annual installments of interest and principal due beginning May 1, 2006 through May 1, 2013 bearing interest of 6.25%. The debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

Fiscal Year]	Principal		Interest		Total	
2007	\$	452,000	\$	263,125	\$	715,125	
2008		476,000		234,875		710,875	
2009		508,000		205,125		713,125	
2010		5 40, 000		173,375		713,375	
2011		574,000		139,625		713,625	
2012-2013		1,660,000		161,875		1,821,875	
Total	_\$	4,210,000	\$1	1,178,000	\$_	5,388,000	

4. \$1,226,000 Eagle Mountain City Excise Tax Road Bonds Series 2005

These bonds require semiannual payments of interest and annual payments of Principal due September 1, 2005 through September 1, 2014, bearing interest ranging from 2.52 to 4.5%.

The debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Fiscal Year	 <u>Principal</u>			 Total		
2007	\$ 108,000	\$	42,943	\$ 150,943		
2008	111,000		39,448	150,448		
2009	114,000		35,502	149,502		
2010	119,000		31,137	150,137		
2011	123,000		26,362	149,362		
2012-2016	548,000		49,684	597,684		
Total	\$ 1,123,000	\$	225,076	\$ 1,348,076		

5. \$8,840,000 Eagle Mountain City Special Assessment Bond 2006 (SID2001-1) This bond was used to refund the original SID 2001-1 bond. The refunding was undertaken to reduce future debt payments. These bond requires annual installments of interest and principal due beginning February 2007 through February 2021 bearing an interest rate ranging from 8.25 to 8.35 %. Debt service requirements are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Principal	<u>Interest</u>	Total	
2007	\$ 330,000	\$ 714,404	\$ 1,044,404	
2008	345,000	703,085	1,048,085	
2009	375,000	674 ,27 8	1,049,278	
2010	405,000	642,965	1,047,965	
2011	440,000	609,263	1,049,263	
2012-2016	2,795,000	2,439,524	5,234,524	
2017-2021	4,150,000	1,081,162	5,231,162	
Total	\$8,840,000	\$ 6,864,681	\$ 15,704,681	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

6. \$8,700,000 Eagle Mountain City Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds Series 2000 These bonds require annual installments of interest and principal due beginning November 15, 2002 through November 15, 2026 bearing interest ranging from 5.6 to 6.0%. Debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Fiscal Year	 Principal			Total	
2007	\$ 220,000	\$ 452,755	\$	672,755	
2008	235,000	441,123		676,123	
2009	245,000	428,731		673,731	
2010	255,000	415,221		670,221	
2011	275,000	400,381		675,381	
2012-2016	1,625,000	1,745,706		3,370,706	
2017-2021	2,165,000	1,199,015		3,364,015	
2022-2026	2,900,000	455,378		3,355,378	
Total	\$ 7,920,000	\$ 5,538,310	\$ 1	3,458,310	

7. Eagle Mountain City Electric and Gas Revenue bonds series 2006. This bond was issued to refund a prior revenue bond and to reduce restrictive covenants. This bond requires semi annual payments of interest and principal beginning June 2006 through June 2026 bearing an interest rate ranging from 3.5 to 5.0 % Debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Fiscal Year	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	Total	
2007	\$	\$ 966,244	\$ 96 6,2 44	
2008	460,000	966,244	1,426,244	
2009	515,000	950,144	1,465,144	
2010	580,000	932,119	1,512,119	
2011	645,000	911,819	1,556,819	
2012-2016	4,375,000	4,142,644	8,517,644	
2017-2022	6,540,000	2,976,327	9,516,327	
2023-2026	8,360,000	1,212,900	9,572,900	
Total	\$ 21,475,000	\$ 13,058,441	\$ 34,533,441	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

8. Capital Leases Payable at June 30, 2006

Eagle Mountain has entered into a lease agreement of \$168,614 for financing the acquisition of EMS Vehicle, Ambulance, and equipment. The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2006 are as follows:

Assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

Machinery & Equipment	\$167,569
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(167,569)
•	<u>\$</u>
<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>Payment</u>
2007	\$ 29,336
2008	<u> 29,336</u>
Total Minimum Lease Payments	58,672
Less: Amount representing interest	(4,267)
Present Value of Minimum Lease Payments	<u>\$54,404</u>

9. Total debt service requirements of the City for all bonds and notes is as follows:

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2007	\$ 1,749,515	\$ 2,540,820	\$ 4,290,335
2008	2,301,889	2,450,410	4,752,299
2009	2,265,000	2,321,721	4,586,721
2010	1,899,000	2,194,817	4,093,817
2011	2,057,000	2,087,450	4,144,450
2012-2016	11,002,000	8,539,433	19,541,433
2017-2021	12,855,000	5,256,504	18,111,504
2022-2026	11,261,000	1,668,277	12,929,277
Total	\$ 45,390,404	\$27,059,432	\$ 72,449,836

10. Defeased \$11,935,000 Eagle Mountain City Special Assessment Bonds, Series 2001 - This Bond was refunded during 2006 the principle of \$11,180,000 was paid to retire the old debt. The remaining \$405,000 of the outstanding debt was defeased and the funds were placed in a separate account until the required debt payment. The debt has been removed from the books of the City and the defeased debt schedule is as follows:

Fiscal Year	P	Principal		Interest		Total	
2007	\$	405,000	\$	32,400	\$	437,400	
Total	\$	405,000	\$	32,400	\$	437,400	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 9 - EXPENDITURES IN EXCESS OF APPROPRIATIONS

For the year ended June 30, 2006 expenditures exceeded budget in the debt service, special improvement district 98-1, special improvement district 2001-1 by \$150,153, \$204,344, and \$11,073,955 respectively.

NOTE 10 – RESERVED FUND BALANCES

The City has reserved fund balances for unspent impact fees, debt service payments, and unspent B&C road funds.

NOTE 11 - LITIGATION

The City is a defendant in certain legal actions and pending actions, or in process for miscellaneous claims. The ultimate liability that might result from the final resolution of the above matters is not presently determinable. City management is of the opinion that the final outcome of the cases will not have an adverse material affect on the City's financial statements.

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City participates in the Utah Local Governments Trust (a public entity risk pool). All claims are submitted to the Utah Local Governments Trust which acts as a commercial insurer. The Association is obligated to pay all claims covered by its plan. All claims are subject to a \$5,000 deductible. The deductible is accrued as a current liability when the claim is incurred. The Utah Local Governments Trust covers claims up to \$10,000,000. The City has not incurred a claim in excess of its coverage for any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 13 - RETIREMENT PLAN

Plan Description. Eagle Mountain City contributes to the Local Governmental Noncontributory Retirement System, cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the Utah Retirement Systems (Systems). Utah Retirement Systems provide refunds, retirement benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries in accordance with retirement statutes established and amended by the State Legislature.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 13 - RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

The Systems are established and governed by the respective sections of Chapter 49 of the Utah Code Annotated 1953 as amended. The Utah State Retirement Office Act in Chapter 49 provides for the administration of the Utah Retirement Systems and Plans under the direction of the Utah State Retirement Board (Board) whose members are appointed by the Governor. The Systems issue a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Local Governmental Contributory Retirement System, Local Governmental Noncontributory Retirement System, and Public Safety Retirement System for employers with Social Security coverage. A copy of the report may be obtained by writing to the Utah Retirement Systems, 540 East 200 South, Salt Lake City, UT 84102 or by calling 1-800-365-8772.

Funding Policy. In the Local Governmental Noncontributory Retirement System, Eagle Mountain City is required to contribute 11.09% of their annual covered salary. The contribution rates are the actuarially determined rates. The contribution requirements of the Systems are approved by the Board as authorized by Chapter 49.

Eagle Mountain City contributions to the Noncontributory Retirement System for June 30, 2006, 2005, and 2004, were \$221,072,\$186,045, and \$141,124, respectively. The contributions were equal to the required contributions for each year.

Eagle Mountain City contributions to the 401K Contribution System for June 30, 2006, 2005 and 2004 were \$110,151, \$25,583, and \$17,139, respectively.

NOTE 14 – SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS

During the year the City sold all of its capital assets in the telecommunications fund. The City will no longer manage the telecommunications within the City. The Assets were sold for \$5,361,084. The transaction resulted in a \$200,000 receivable on the City's financial statement as of the balance sheet date. That amount has subsequently been paid.

NOTE 15 - CONCENTRATIONS AND DEPENDENCIES

Of the general fund revenue, 30% is derived from development activities. Virtually all fees are collected from the master developers, Eagle Mountain Properties and The Ranches or builders working in conjunction with the master developers.

NOTE 16 – DEFICIT FUND BALANCE

The City's Capital Projects Fund has a deficit fund balance at June 30, 2006 of \$163,544.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

Budget to Actual

General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget -
	Dudgeled	1 Milouitis	Actual	Positive
	Original	Final	Totals	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 1,631,780	\$ 1,699,880	\$ 1,975,019	\$ 275,139
Licenses and Permits	1,399,500	1,342,500	2,555,678	1,213,178
Intergovernmental	435,000	455,600	499,806	44,206
Charges for Services	1,100,000	1,222,600	1,426,009	203,409
Impact Fees	-	-	1,220,121	1,220,121
Miscellaneous	565,600	565,600	712,980	147,380
Total Revenues	5,131,880	5,286,180	8,389,613	3,103,433
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General Government	2,229,722	2,515,657	2,511,697	3,960
Public Safety	1,221,098	1,582,287	1,326,771	255,516
Planning and Zoning	189,808	204,808	198,802	6,006
Public Works	1,093,424	1,292,423	890,946	401,477
Community Development	457,155	604,754	602,492	2,262
Debt Service	-	-	-	-
Capital Outlay				<u> </u>
Total Expenditures	5,191,207	6,199,929	5,530,708	669,221
Excess (deficit) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(59,327)	(913,749)	2,858,905	3,772,654
	(07,52-1)			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCE	S (USES)			
Operating Transfers In		-	-	-
Operating Transfers Out	-	-	(375,335)	(375,335)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			(375,335)	(375,335)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(59,327)	(913,749)	2,483,570	3,397,319
Fund balances - beginning	3,087,267	3,087,267	3,087,267	
Fund balances - ending	\$ 3,027,940	\$ 2,173,518	\$ 5,570,837	\$ 3,397,319

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

Budget to Actual

Special Improvement District 98-1

For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget -	
	Original	Final	Actual Totals	Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES					
Special Assessments	\$ 1,572,188	\$ 1,572,188	\$ 1,900,394	\$ 328,206	
Miscellaneous	20,000	-	64,208	64,208	
Impact Fees			225,545	225,545	
Total Revenues	1,592,188	1,572,188	2,190,147	617,959	
EXPENDITURES					
General Government	0	0	117	(117)	
Debt Service	1,592,188	1,592,188	1,796,532	(204,344)	
Total Expenditures	1,592,188	1,592,188	1,796,649	(204,461)	
Excess (deficit) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	-	(20,000)	393,498	413,498	
OTHER FINANCING SOUR Debt Proceeds	CES (USES)	- -	<u>.</u>	<u> </u>	
Net Change in Fund Balance	· -	(20,000)	393,498	413,498	
Fund balances - beginning	1,364,161	1,364,161	1,364,161	-	
Fund balances - ending	\$ 1,364,161	\$ 1,344,161	\$ 1,757,659	\$ 413,498	



April 19, 2007

MacRay A. Curtis
State of Utah
Office of the State Auditor
Utah State Capitol Complex
East Office Building, Suite E310
PO Box 142310
Salt Lake City, Utah 84114-2310

Dear Mr. Curtis:

As requested in your letter of April 5, 2007, I am submitting the City of Eagle Mountain's Corrective Action Plan regarding budgetary compliance. This finding was noted in the City's Financial Statements for Fiscal Year 2006.

The City monitors its expenditures frequently and compares the actual expenditures to budgeted expenditures. City staff will more carefully monitor expenditures versus the budget. To ensure future compliance with State Law, City staff will prepare regular budget amendments for City Council approval via the public hearing process.

It is expected that the City will be in compliance in Fiscal Year 2007. The anticipated completion date will be June 30, 2007. The contact person for this action is Gordon Burt, City Treasurer.

I trust the foregoing is satisfactory. Should you have any questions, please do not hesitate to contact me.

Yours truly,

Don D. Richardson

DR/gsb



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